

Owners Manual

CONGRATULATIONS ON YOUR CHOICE OF AIR COMPRESSOR

The range of McMillan air compressors has been specically designed to satisfy all needs of the customer in terms of power, performance and durability combined with low maintenance and servicing costs.

Before using your new air compressor please read the instruction manual for your safety and correct operation and maintenance of your compressor.

INFORMATION COMPLIANCE

Compliance with the following information will ensure you of many years of trouble free operation from your air compressor and it will remain a valuable asset.

PURCHASE DETAILS

Retail store:
Date purchased:
Y 02 024
nvoice number:



Operating Manual

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1. Before using your Compressor

- I.1 Read this manual carefully. Especially note items including your safety, and for the proper operation and maintenance of your compressor.
- 1.2 Fill out and return your warranty card. The registration of your warranty depends on this.
- 1.3 Fill in the details on the last page of this manual. You will need to be able to quote them for spare parts supply.
- 1.4 Check your new compressor for transit damage. Before leaving the factory your unit was quality inspected and test run, all control gear set to to specification, pressure and current readings taken, and it was leak tested. It left in perfect condition. Claim on your carrier immediately for any damage.

2. Start-up Procedures

2.1 Locating Your Air Compressor

Locate the unit in a dry, clean, cool and well ventilated area. The compressor is designed with fans which allow proper cooling. Clean or blow of fins and other parts of the compressor that collects dust or dirt. A clean compressor runs cooler and provides longer service. Do not place rags, containers or other materials on top of the compressor which would obstruct ventilation openings necessary for proper compressor operating temperature. Make sure the unit is located on a firm, level surface.

Do not operate your compressor on an angle - the unit will not be properly oil lubricated and could be seriously damaged.

Level up your compressor if it needs to be operated on a slope or hill.

2.2

CAUTION

ALL BUILT-UP UNITS ARE SHIPPED WITH OIL.

BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO START UNIT,
CHECK COMPRESSOR FOR PROPER OIL LEVEL.

If level is low, remove oil fill plug and slowly pour ABAC Air compressor oil into crankcase until the oil level, shown through sight glass plug on front side of compressor pump, rises to centre of sight glass. Replace oil fill plug. Shell Corena P68-Single phase, Shell Corena P100-2 phase oil is acceptable as a substitute. N.B. Some direct drive models use a dipstick to indicate oil level.

- 2.3 Permanent wiring on three phase compressors must be carried out by an electrician. Make sure that pump rotation is correct. The rotating direction for the flywheel must be counterclockwise while facing the flywheel side of the compressor.
- 2.4 Open tank drain valve to permit air escape, preventing air pressure build-up in air receiver. Start the compressor by plugging power supply plug into the correct power source.

Run the air compressor for 20 minutes in this no-load condition to lubricate the bearings and piston(s)

2.5 After 4 hours running under normal operating conditions evenly tighten head bolts to torque as per paragraph 4.7 while compressor is at operating temperature, starting from inner most bolt and working out.

Use of your Compressor

3.1 Pressure Switch

The pressure switch starts the motor when the air receiver pressure drops below the factory set cut-in pressure and stops the motor when the air receiver pressure reaches the factory set cut-out pressure.

WARNING

AIR PRESSURE BEYOND DESIGN LIMITS COULD CAUSE THE AIR RECEIVER TO RUPTURE OR EXPLODE. PRESSURE SWITCH OPERATION IS RELATED TO MOTOR HORSEPOWER, RECEIVER RATING, AND SAFETY VALVE SETTING. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO ADJUST, REMOVE, OR BY-PASS THE PRESSURE SWITCH, OR CHANGE AND MODIFY ANY PRESSURE CONTROL RELATED DEVICE.

3.2 Air Receiver Safety Valve

The pressure switch is pre-set to shut off the motor automatically at the maximum operation pressure. If the pressure switch does not shut off the compressor unit at ties cut-off pressure setting,, the safety valve will protect against over pressuring the air receiver by 'popping off' at its pre-set pressure setting.

WARNING

DO NOT ELIMINATE, MAKE ADJUSTMENTS, OR SUBSTITUTIONS FOR THIS VALVE. OCCASIONALLY PULL THE RING ON THE SAFETY VALVE TO MAKE SURE THAT THE VALVE OPERATES FREELY. IF THE VALVE IS STUCK OR DOES NOT OPERATE SMOOTHLY IT MUST BE REPLACED.

3.3 Motor

The motor has a manual overload protector. If the motor overheats for any reason, the overload protector will shut off the motor. To restart the motor, press the reset button located at the rear of the motor.

IMPORTANT

If the overload protector shuts the motor off frequently, check for a possible voltage problem. Low voltage can also be suspected when:

- 1. The motor does not develop full power or speed
- 2 Fuses blow out when starting motor
- 3. Lights dim and remain dim when motor is started.

3.4 Extension Cords and Generators

IMPORTANT

Avoid using long extension cords. They can cause a power loss to the motor. Add extra air hose instead of extension cords. If an extension cord must be used, follow these recommendations:

Never run your compressor from a portable generator. A portable generator will not supply adequate motor starting current and will cause motor burn-out. Your warranty is invalidated if a generator is used.

3.5 Pump Unloading System

Your compressor is fitted with a valve that will automatically releases pressure on the head of the unit each time the pressure switch stops the motor. This means the motor restarts against zero pressure, enhancing motor life. A hiss of air each time the motor stops is normal. N.B. The pressure will not be released from the head if the power is interrupted while the motor is running. The pressure should then be released manually by turning the machine off at the pressure switch.

WARNING

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO ADJUST OR MODIFY THE PRESSURE UNLOADING VALVE. MOTOR BURNOUT CAN RESULT IF THIS VALVE IS OVERTIGHTENED OR WRONGLY ADJUSTED.

4. Maintenance Pays

4.1 Very little regular maintenance is needed to keep your compressor in top condition.
Here is a chart of what you should do:

	Check Oil Level	Drain Tank	Check Inlet Filter	Change Oil	Clean cooling fins	Check Belts	Check for leaks
DAILY	✓	✓					✓
EACH WEEK			✓		✓		
EVERY 500 HOURS				~		√	

4.2 Oil level/ Oil Changing

Check the oil level in the compressor pump before each use. The oil level should be at or above centre of the sight glass at all times, when the compressor is on a level surface. If level drops below this point, add oil to bring level back to centre of sight glass. The oil should be changed every 500 hours of operation. To drain the oil, remove the oil drain plug and collect the oil in a suitable container. Be sure to replace the oil drain plug securely before adding new oil.

Recommended oil is ISO-100 or 15W40 or SAE30

CAUTION

DO NOT OVERFILL THE COMPRESSOR WITH OIL. OVERFILLING WITH OIL WILL CAUSE PREMATURE COMPRESSOR FAILURE.

4.3 Condensate Build-up in Air Receiver

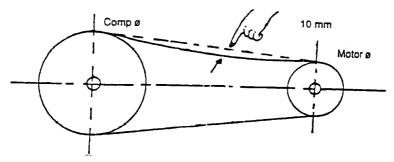
Water should be drained from the air receiver daily depending on where and how often the unit has been used. If the humidity is high, drain more often. To drain the air receiver, open drain valve in bottom of air receiver and allow to drain. After draining, close the valve tightly before operating the air compressor.

4.4 Replacing Air Inlet Filter

A dirty air filter will not allow the compressor to operate at full capacity. When the inlet filter becomes dirty, oily or covered with paint overspray, replace it. Do not operate the compressor with the air inlet filter removed.

4.5 Belt adjustment (Belt Drive Compressors)

The v-belt(s) should be adjusted so that a declination of about 10 mm will be obtained when pushed by a finger at the middle point as shown.



To adjust the belt, remove outer guard and remove belt. Slacken motor bolts and move motor back on slides provided. Retighten motor bolts, and replace belt. It is not possible to obtain sufficient belt tightness by adjusting motor with belt in place. Always replace guard.

4.6 Checking for leaks

IMPORTANT

EVEN A SMALL LEAK WASTES A LARGE VOLUME OF AIR. (SEE FOLLOWING CHART). YOU WILL ENHANCE THE LIFE OF YOUR COMPRESSOR IF YOU KEEP ALL OUTLETS, HOSES, COUPLINGS AND AIR TOOLS FREE OF LEAKS

DISCHARGE OF AIR THROUGH AN ORIFICE

			Diameter of Orifice in inches								
	1/64	1/32	1/16	/16 1/8 1/4 3/8 1/2 5/8 3/4						7 <i>1</i> 8	1
PSI			Flow t	nrough	hole in	cubic	feet o	er mii	nute		
30	0.158	0.633	2.53	10.1	40.5	91.9	162	253	365	496	648
35	0.176	0.703	2.81	11.3	45	101	180	281	405	551	720
40	0.194	0.774	3.1	12.4	49.6	112	198	310	446	607	793
45	0.211	0.845	3.38	13.5	54.1	122	216	338	487	662	865
50	0.229	0.916	3.66	14.7	58.6	132	235	366	528	718	938
60	0.264	1.06	4.23	16.9	67.6	152	271	423	609	828	1082
70	0.3	1.2	4.79	19.2	76.7	173	307	479	690	939	1227
80	0.335	1.34	5.36	21.4	85.7	193	343	536	771	1005	1371
90	0.37	1.48	5.92	23.7	94.8	213	379	592	853	1616	1516
100	0.406	1.62	6.49	26	104	234	415	649	934	1272	1661
110	0.441	1.76	7.05	28.2	113	254	454	705	1016	1383	1806
120	0.494	1.98	7.9	31.6	126	284	506	790	1138	1549	2023

From this chart you will see that a 1/16" pin hole will waste nearly all the output of a 2 h.p compressor at 120 psi. If you notice a fall-off in the performance of your compressor, first check your air system for leaks.

Head Bolt Torque Setting

240 volt	- 25nm
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Horsepower	Cast-Iron	Alloy		
	(single stage)	(2-stage)		
4.0hp/415v	25nm	25nm		
5.5hp/415v	25nm	5nm		
7.5hp/415v	25nm	55nm		
10hp/415v	75nm	95nm		

WARNING COMPRESSED AIR AND ELECTRICITY ARE DANGEROUS

BEFORE DOING ANY WORK INVOLVING MAINTENANCE OR ADJUSTMENT, BE SURE THE ELECTRICAL SUPPLY HAS BEEN CUT OFF, AND COMPRESSOR INTERNAL SYSTEM HAS BEEN

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTION
Motor will not run	Motor overload protection switch has tripped	Let motor cool off and press reset button
	Fuse blown or circuit breaker tripped	Check fuse box for blown fuse and replace as necessary or reset circuit breaker. Do not use a fuse or circuit breaker with a rating higher than what is specified for your particular branch circuit.
	Wrong gauge wire in extension cord	Check for proper gauge wire. Refer to wire size recommendation under Motor Section of this manual
	Air receiver pressure exceeds switch out in pressure	Compressor Motor will start automatically when air receiver pressure drops below cut in pressure switch.
	Loose electrical connections	Check wiring connections
	Faulty capacitor on the motor	Return to Seller's Service Centre to check and replace if necessary.
	Faulty motor	Have motor checked at your Seller's Service Centre
Air leaks	Tube or hose fitting loose	Tighten fittings with audible leak and check under pressure with soapy water solution (do not over tighten)
	Leak at welds	Receiver must be replaced
	Air leak in safety valve	Operate safety valve manually by pulling on ring. If valve still leaks, it should be replaced.
Restricted air inlet	Dirty air filter	Clean or replace with new filter.
Low discharge pressure	Prolonged excessive use of air	Decrease amount of air usage, compressor is not large enough for air requirement.
	Restricted air inlet filter	Clean or replace air inlet filter
	Hole in hose	Clean and replace if required
Knocking or rattling	Low oil level	Check oil level and maintain at prescribed level.
	Loose screws or nuts	Check all screws and nuts are tightened as required.

IMPORTANT

Unit cycles automatically when power is

ON. During service or repair activities,

this automatic cycling may cause a

Air compressors get hot when running.Serious burns may result if touched. Always unplug the unit before attempting

repair or maintenance of the compressor.

Also make sure the pressure is released from the compressor and air receiver.

Never touch the compressor, tubing or motor during or immediately after operation of the compressor.

Moving Parts

Hot parts

All parts included on your compressor unit have a purpose. Never use your compressor with parts removed or modified. In particular, do not remove or modify the belt guard. It is for your protection and is designed to pass cool air over the compressor pump prolonging operating life.

Ordering Spare Parts 7.

Your ABAC Air Compressor is backed by a full parts service. Here are schematic diagrams of a bare pump, a direct drive pump and built up compressor units. To order the right part, quote the details on the last page of this manual with the part number from the diagram. This will identify the right model, build number and part.

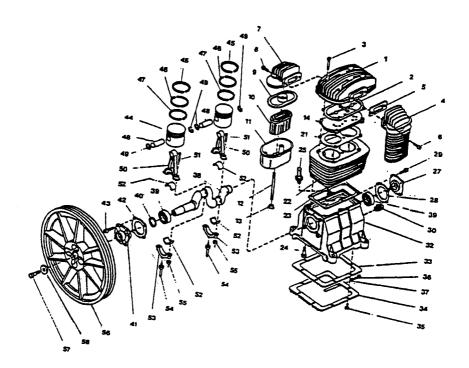
N.B: Diagrams are schematic only. They do not represent any specific model. In particular, direct drive models have the motor and pump coupled directly instead of through a belt. The purpose of each diagram is to represent all parts which could be required.

7.2 Part Names - Bare Compressor Pump

- 1. Cylinder Head
- 2. Gasket-Valve Plate to Head
- 3. Socket Head Cap Screw
- 4. Aftercooler
- 5. Gasket-Aftercooler to head
- 6. Socket Head Cap Screw
- 7. Filter Support
- 8. Socket Head Cap Screw
- 9. Filter Cover
- 10. Filter Element
- 11. Filter Housing
- 12. Filter Stud
- 13. Wing Nut
- 14. Valve Plate Assembly
- 15. All Parts Included
- 16 In above Assembly
- 17 Individual Parts
- 18. Not sold
- 19. And
- 20. Not shown
- 21. Gasket Cylinder to valve Plate
- 22. All Parts Included
- 23. Gasket Crankcase to Cylinder
- 24. Hex Head Set Screw
- 25. Oil Filter/Breather
- 26. Gasket
- 27. Crankcase Cover
- 28. Gasket-Crankcase Cover
- 29. Socket Head Gap Screw
- 30. Sight Glass
- 31. Gasket Sight Glass

- 32. Crankcase
- 33. Gasket-Base to Crankcase
- 34. Crankcase Base
- 35. Socket Head Screw
- 36. Socket Head Cap Screw
- 37. Washer
- 38. Crankshaft
- 39. Ball Bearing 40. Oil Seal
- 41. Crankcase Cover-Drive
- 42. Gasket-Crankcase Cover
- 43. Socket Head Cap Screw
- 44 Piston
- 45. Compression Ring-Top
- 46. Compression Ring-2nd
- 47. Piston Ring-Oil Control
- 48. Gudgeon Pin
- 49. Circlip.
- 50. Connecting Rod
- 51. Connecting Belt
- 52. Shell Bearing (set of 2).
- 53. Connecting Rod Cap
- 54. Dipper Pin
- 55. Nut-Self Locking.
- 56. Beltwheel
- 57. Hex Head Set Screw
- 58. Washer Belt Wheel

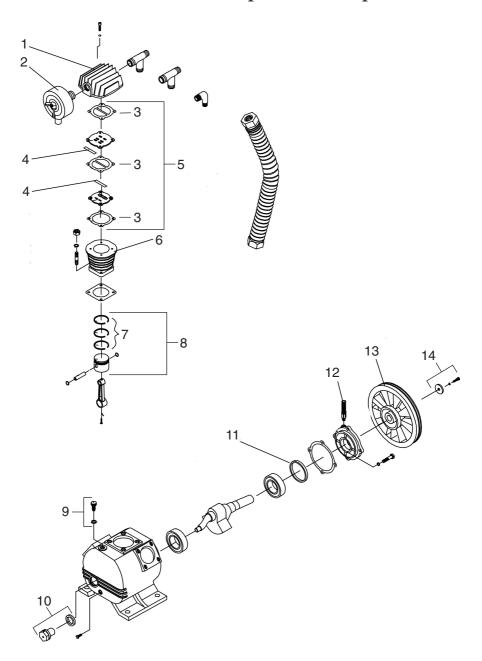
7.3 Schematic of Bare Pump



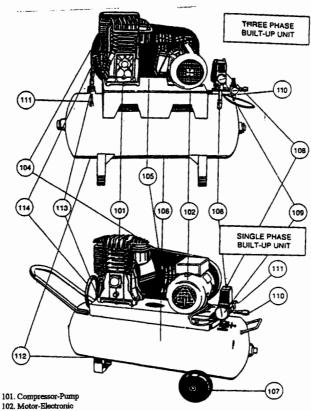
7.4 Part Names – Cast Iron Compressor Pump

- 1 Cylinder Head
- 2 Inlet Filter Assembly
- 3 Valve Plate Gasket Set (3 gaskets)
- 4 Reed Valve
- 5 Valve Plate Assembly, including Gaskets
- 6 Cylinder
- 7 Ring Set
- 8 Piston/Ring Set
- 9 Oil Filler Plug & Washer
- 10 Oil Sight Glass & Washer
- 11 Oil Seal
- 12 Crankcase Breather
- 13 Flywheel
- 14 Flywheel Bolt & Washer

Cast Iron Compressor Pump



7.6 Schematic of Built-Up Compressor



- 103. Pulley-Motor
- 104. Belts-Vee
- 105. Guard-Belt
- 106. Receiver-Comp with base, handle and axle
- 107. Wheel-Receiver
- 108. Switch-Pressure
- 109. Gauge-Pressure
- 110. Valve-Service
- 111. Valve-Safety
- 112. Valve-Drain
- 113. Valve-Unloader
- 114. Discharge Line

8.1	The following plates and identifying marks will give you a complete satisfaction of your particular machine. It is advisable to write these on this page to give a record for parts ordering or future identification.
8.2	Serial number: This is located on the dome end of the air receiver, or underneath the unit beside the air receiver seam weld.
	My serial number is:
8.3	Pump Model Number: This is located on the crankcase cover (part 27) above the sight glass. My Pump Model Number is:
8.4	Motor Model Number: This is located on the side of the electronic motor.
	My Motor Brand is:
N	OTES AND MAINTENANCE RECORD

WARRANTY

Please complete the following details on your McMillan air compressor for future reference regarding warranty, spare parts and service. It is recommended that you keep a copy of the tax invoice with this document.

Date of Purchase: Purchased From: Tax Invoice Number: Air Compressor Model Number:

Warranty Conditions:

McMillan Air Compressors warrants that the goods it manufactures shall be free from defects in material and workmanship for periods as indicated below, from the date of original sale.

If a possible fault is detected, the selling agent needs to be contacted.

The problem may be simple & resolved by a telephone call.

If the air compressor needs to be returned, transportation charges need to be prepaid by the purchaser - to the company or its nominated agent.

McMillan shall repair or replace, at its discretion, any goods which it determines contain defective material or workmanship, and shall return said goods to the purchaser free-on-board (FOB) at McMillan or the agent's premises.

The repair or replacement work will be scheduled and performed according to the company's normal work flow and availability of replacement parts.

Please note, McMillan shall not be obligated to repair or replace goods which have been: repaired by others; abused; improperly installed, operated or maintained; altered or otherwise misused or damaged in any way.

Labour and travel:

Labour on the premises of McMillan, or its agent, is covered by warranty. In the case of 415 Volt stationary machines, that cannot easily be brought to McMillan or an agent, a technician may be dispatched to attend to the compressor. In this situation, travel within the metropolitan area of a capital city is covered by warranty. Where the unit is located outside of a capital city, the technician's time & kilometers travelled are chargeable.

Warranty period:

240V compressor sets: 3 years on pump, 5 years on tank, 1 year on motor* and fittings.

415V compressor sets: 1 year

Honda Petrol / Yanmar Diesel drive compressor sets: 1 year; 2 years on Honda engine. **

- * Subject to motor manufacturers assessment and warranty. Contact McMillan Air Compressors.
- ** Covered by Honda and Yanmar agents. Contact your nearest dealer.

